ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016



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1415 W. Diehl Road, Suite 400 Naperville, Illinois 60563 Certified Public Accountants & Advisors
Members of American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Members of the Board of Trustees and Management Wood Dale Public Library District Wood Dale, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Wood Dale Public Library District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risk of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial positions of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Wood Dale Public Library District, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the other required supplementary information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and supplemental data are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic

financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole. The supplemental data has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Sikich LLP

Naperville, Illinois December 15, 2016

GENERAL PURPOSE EXTERNAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2016

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 4,650,298
Receivables	
Property taxes	1,205,359
Prepaid expenses	16,164
Capital assets not being depreciated	215,700
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation)	1,696,491
Total assets	7,784,012
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pension items - IMRF	373,953
Total deferred outflows of resources	373,953
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	8,157,965
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	16,624
Accrued payroll	67,592
Due to other governments	5,225
Noncurrent liabilities	
Due within one year	13,445
Due in more than one year	923,174
Total liabilities	1,026,060
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred revenue - property taxes	2,335,762
Pension items - IMRF	21,253
Total deferred inflows of resources	2,357,015
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	3,383,075
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	1,912,191
Restricted for	
Working cash	97,905
Building and maintenance	37,067
Audit	5,736
Insurance	24,575
Employee retirement	53,382
Special reserve	3,033,085
Unrestricted	(389,051)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 4,774,890

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

			Net (Expense) Revenue and Change in Net Position						
			Operating Capital						
		Charges	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental				
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	Expenses	for Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities				
Governmental Activities									
Culture and recreation	\$ 2,365,071	\$ 11,513	\$ 10,149	\$ -	\$ (2,343,409)				
Total governmental activities	2,365,071	11,513	10,149		(2 343 400)				
Total governmental activities	2,303,071	11,313	10,149		(2,343,409)				
TOTAL	\$ 2,365,071	\$ 11,513	\$ 10,149	\$ -	(2,343,409)				
			General Revenues Taxes						
			Property		2,274,849				
			Replacement		35,826				
			Investment inco	me	6,720				
			Miscellaneous		3,427				
			2,320,822						
			(22,587)						
			4,797,477						
			NET POSITION	, JUNE 30	\$ 4,774,890				

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2016

	General		Special Nonmajor Reserve Governmental			Total
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$	1,221,652	\$ 3,040,011	\$	388,635	\$ 4,650,298
Receivables						
Property taxes		1,027,269	-		178,090	1,205,359
Prepaid items		6,455			9,709	16,164
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	2,255,376	\$ 3,040,011	\$	576,434	\$ 5,871,821
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES						
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	6,688	\$ 6,926	\$	3,010	\$ 16,624
Accrued payroll		67,592	-		-	67,592
Due to other governments		5,225	-		-	5,225
Total liabilities		79,505	6,926		3,010	89,441
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenues - property taxes		1,990,712	-		345,050	2,335,762
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		2,070,217	6,926		348,060	2,425,203
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable						
Prepaid items		6,455	-		9,709	16,164
Working cash		-	-		97,905	97,905
Restricted						
Building and maintenance		-	-		37,067	37,067
Audit		-	-		5,736	5,736
Insurance		-	-		24,575	24,575
Employee retirement		-	-		53,382	53,382
Special reserve		-	3,033,085		-	3,033,085
Unassigned		178,704			-	178,704
Total fund balances	_	185,159	3,033,085		228,374	3,446,618
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS						
OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$	2,255,376	\$ 3,040,011	\$	576,434	\$ 5,871,821

RECONCILIATION OF FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2016

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 3,446,618
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds	1,912,191
Compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in governmental funds	(53,779)
Net pension liability for the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund shown as a liability on the statement of net position	(882,840)
Differences between expected and actual experiences, assumption changes, net differences between projected and actual earnings, and contributions subsequent to the measurement date for the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund are recognized as deferred outflows and inflows of resources on the statement of net position	352 700
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 352,700 4,774,890

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

				Special	N	onmajor	
	General			Reserve	Gov	vernmental	Total
REVENUES							
Taxes	\$	2,014,644	\$	-	\$	296,031 \$	2,310,675
Intergovernmental		10,149		-		-	10,149
Fines and fees		3,306		-		-	3,306
Investment income		6,668		-		52	6,720
Miscellaneous		11,634		-		-	11,634
Total revenues		2,046,401		-		296,083	2,342,484
EXPENDITURES							
Current							
Culture and recreation		1,741,080		-		338,406	2,079,486
Capital outlay		-		94,961		-	94,961
Total expenditures		1,741,080		94,961		338,406	2,174,447
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES							
OVER EXPENDITURES		305,321		(94,961)		(42,323)	168,037
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Transfers in		52		400,000		-	400,052
Transfers (out)		(400,000)		-		(52)	(400,052)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(399,948)		400,000		(52)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(94,627)		305,039		(42,375)	168,037
FUND BALANCES, JULY 1		279,786		2,728,046		270,749	3,278,581
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30	\$	185,159	\$	3,033,085	\$	228,374 \$	3,446,618

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 168,037
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
The purchase of capital assets are shown as an expenditure in governmental funds but are capitalized and depreciated over their useful life on the statement of activities	33,100
Depreciation expense does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as an expenditure in governmental funds	(144,626)
The change in compensated absences does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as an expenditure in governmental funds	25,736
The change in the net pension liability for the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund is reported only in the statement of activities	(213,156)
The change in deferred inflows and outflows of resources for the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund is reported only in the statement of activities	 108,322
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ (22,587)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2016

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Wood Dale Public Library District (the District) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as applied to government units (hereinafter referred to as generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP)). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

a. Reporting Entity

The District is a public library district governed by a seven-member elected board. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the District and its component units, entities for which the District is considered to be financially accountable. The Friends of Library organization was considered as a component unit of the District, but was considered insignificant and is not included as a component unit.

b. Fund Accounting

The accounts of the District are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds are maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

Funds are classified into the following category: governmental.

Governmental funds are used to account for all of the government's general activities, including the collection and disbursement of restricted, committed, or assigned monies (special revenue funds) and restricted, committed, or assigned for the servicing of general long-term debt (debt service funds). Permanent funds are used to account for resources when the interest of the corpus (principal) can be used by the District. The General Fund is used to account for all activities of the general government not accounted for in some other fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

c. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. The effect of material interfund activity has been eliminated from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, if any, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function, segment, or program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and (2) grants and standard revenues that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District, except those accounted for in another fund.

The Special Reserve Fund is the District's capital projects fund. It accounts for all of the major capital expenditures of the District and is financed by transfers from the General Fund.

d. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied (i.e., intended to finance). Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

d. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. The District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a fund liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and are recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

The District reports deferred/unavailable revenue on its financial statements. Deferred/unavailable revenues arise when a potential revenue does not meet both the measurable and available or earned criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned/unavailable revenues also arise when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them or prior to the provision of services, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for deferred/unavailable revenue is removed from the financial statements and revenue is recognized.

e. Cash and Investments

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Deposits are not subject to fair value and are valued at cost or amortized cost.

f. Short-Term Interfund Receivables/Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the balance sheet. Short-term interfund loans, if any, are classified as "interfund receivables/payables."

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

f. Short-Term Interfund Receivables/Payables (Continued)

Advances between funds, if any, are offset by a fund balance nonspendable account in applicable governmental funds to indicate they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

g. Prepaid Items/Expenses

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond the date of this report are recorded as prepaid items/expenses.

h. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized as applicable.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings and building improvements	15-50
Furniture and equipment	5-20

i. Compensated Absences

The District accrues a liability for vacation benefits as these benefits are earned. At June 30, 2016, the liabilities for these accumulated unpaid benefits are accounted for in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. In the governmental fund financial statements a liability has been accrued for amounts owed to employees who have retired or terminated employment by the end of the year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

j. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt, and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize the face amount of debt issued as another financing source.

k. Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions are accounted for as revenues or expenditures. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except interfund transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers.

1. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds can report nonspendable fund balance for amounts that are either not spendable in form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restrictions of fund balance are reported for amounts constrained by legal restrictions from outside parties for use for a specific purpose, or externally imposed by outside entities. None of the restricted fund balance result from enabling legislation adopted by the District. Committed fund balance is constrained by formal actions of the District's Board of Trustees, which is considered the District's highest level of decision-making authority. Formal actions include ordinances approved by the Board of Trustees. Assigned fund balance represents amounts constrained by the District's intent to use them for a specific purpose. The authority to assign fund balance has been delegated to the Library Director by the District's Board of Trustees. Any residual General Fund fund balance or deficit fund balances in any other fund are reported as unassigned.

The District's flow of funds assumption prescribes that the funds with the highest level of constraint are expended first. If restricted or unrestricted funds are available for spending, the restricted funds are spent first. Additionally, if different levels of unrestricted funds are available for spending the District considers committed funds to be expended first followed by assigned and then unassigned funds.

In the government-wide financial statements, restricted net position is legally restricted by outside parties for a specific purpose. None of the net position is restricted as a result of enabling legislation adopted by the District. Net investment in capital assets, represents the book value of capital assets less any long-term debt principal outstanding issued to construct capital assets.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

m. Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

n. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Illinois Compiled Statutes (ILCS) authorize the District to make deposits/invest in commercial banks, savings and loan institutions, obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, insured credit union shares, money market mutual funds with portfolios of securities issued or guaranteed by the United States Government or agreements to repurchase these same obligations, repurchase agreements, short-term commercial paper rated within the three highest classifications by at least two standard rating services, and Illinois Funds. Illinois Funds was created by the Illinois State Legislature and is managed by the Illinois State Treasurer. It acts as a money market fund that maintains a \$1 per share value.

In addition, the District's Board of Trustees has adopted an investment policy which provides further restrictions on the investment of district funds. It is the policy of the District to invest its funds in a manner which will provide the highest investment return with the maximum security while meeting the daily cash flow demands of the District and conforming to all state and local statutes governing the investment of public funds, using the "prudent person" standard for managing the overall portfolio. The primary objectives of the policy, in order of priority are: safety, liquidity, return on investment, and simplicity of management.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Illinois Funds is an investment pool managed by the State of Illinois, Office of the Treasurer, which allows governments within the state to pool their funds for investment purposes. Illinois Funds is not registered with the SEC as an investment company, but does operate in a manner consistent with Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. Investments in Illinois Funds are valued at Illinois Funds' share price, the price at which the investment could be sold. The Illinois Institutional Investors Trust is also a money market mutual fund valued at a \$1 share value.

a. Deposits with Financial Institutions

Custodial credit risk for deposits with financial institutions is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's investment policy requires all deposits with financial institutions in excess of federal depository insurance be with collateral held by the Federal Reserve Bank, the District's agent or by the trust department or escrow agent of the pledging institution, evidenced by a written collateral agreement.

b. Investments

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. In accordance with its investment policy, the District limits its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in demand investments that yield a maximum amount of interest.

The District limits its exposure to credit risk, the risk that the issuer of a debt security will not pay its par value upon maturity, by primarily investing in Illinois Funds.

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to the investment, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in possession of an outside party. To limit its exposure, the District primarily invests in Illinois Funds. Illinois Funds is not subject to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of credit risk - The District did not have any investment that represented greater than 5% of its overall portfolio as of June 30, 2016.

Fair value hierarchy - The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy of inputs are used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 are significant unobservable inputs.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

3. RECEIVABLES - TAXES

Property taxes for 2015 attach as an enforceable lien on January 1, 2015 on property values assessed as of the same date. Taxes are levied by December of the subsequent fiscal year (by passage of a Tax Levy Ordinance). Tax bills are prepared by the County and issued on or about May 1, 2016 and are payable in two installments, on or about June 1, 2016 and September 1, 2016. The County collects such taxes and remits them periodically. The 2015 tax levy collections are intended to finance the 2017 fiscal year and are not considered available for current operations and are, therefore, shown as unearned/unavailable revenue. The 2016 tax levy has not been recorded as a receivable at June 30, 2016, as the tax attached as a lien on property as of January 1, 2016; however, the tax will not be levied until December 2016 and, accordingly, is not measurable at June 30, 2016.

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2016 was as follows:

	Beginning		Ending	
	Balances	Increases	Decreases	Balances
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 215,700	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 215,700
Total capital assets not being depreciated	215,700	-	-	215,700
Capital assets being depreciated Buildings and improvements	3,398,842			3,398,842
Furniture and equipment	426,191	33,100	-	459,291
Total capital assets being depreciated	3,825,033	33,100		3,858,133
Less accumulated depreciation for				
Buildings and improvements	1,704,282	108,172	-	1,812,454
Furniture and equipment	312,734	36,454	-	349,188
Total accumulated depreciation	2,017,016	144,626	-	2,161,642
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	1,808,017	(111,526)		1,696,491
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$ 2,023,717	\$ (111,526)	\$ -	\$ 1,912,191

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the primary government as follows:

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	
Culture and recreation	\$ 144,626
TOTAL DEPRECIATION EXPENSE - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 144,626

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

5. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; illnesses of employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

The District provides health, dental, vision, and life insurance. The District participates in the Libraries of Illinois Risk Agency (LIRA). LIRA provides conventional insurance coverage and/or self-insurance for claims against or by its participants. LIRA is a public entity risk pool with the transfer of risk. The District is responsible for premium payments and the pool is responsible for administering the program. If funds are insufficient in the judgement of the pool, the pool may assess the members' additional equal payments. The District's policy is to record any related expenditures in the year in which they are notified of any additional assessments. The District is not aware of any additional assessments owed as of June 30, 2016. The District's total expense for coverage was \$21,078 in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

6. LONG-TERM DEBT

a. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Issue	Fund Debt Retired by	as	July 1, Restated	I	ssuances	Re	etirements		Balances June 30		Current Portion
Compensated absences Net pension liability	General General	\$	79,515 669,684	\$	213,156	\$	25,736	\$	53,779 882,840	\$	13,445
TOTAL		\$	749,199	\$	213,156	\$	25,736	\$	936,619	\$	13,445
b. Legal Debt M	Iargin										
ASSESSED	VALUATIO	NC	- 2015						\$ 4	152,2	229,000
LEGAL DEF	BT LIMIT -	2.8	375% OF	AS	SSESSED	V/	ALUATIO	NC	\$	13,0	001,584
AMOUNT C	F DEBT A	PPI	LICABLI	ΞC	F DEBT	LIN	ΛIΤ				
LEGAL DEF	BT MARGI	N							\$ 4	139,2	227,416

Balances

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

6. LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

b. Legal Debt Margin (Continued)

Chapter 50, Section 405/1 of the ILCS provides: "no township, school district, or other municipal corporation having a population of less than 300,000 shall become indebted in any manner or for any purpose, to an amount, including existing indebtedness in the aggregate exceeding 2.875% on the value of the taxable property therein, to be ascertained by the last assessment for the state and county purposes, previous to the incurring of the indebtedness or, until January 1, 1983, if greater, the sum that is produced by multiplying such governmental unit's 1978 equalized assessed valuation by the debt limitation percentage in effect on January 1, 1979."

The limitations prescribed shall not apply to any indebtedness of any library district incurred for acquiring or improving sites; constructing, extending, or improving and equipping sites for public library purposes; or for the establishment, support, and maintenance of a public library, under the provisions of the "Illinois Public Library District Act."

7. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Grants

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

8. INDIVIDUAL FUND DISCLOSURES

Transfers

Transfers In	Transfers Out	Amount
Special Reserve	General	\$ 400,000
General	Nonmajor Governmental	52

- The transfer of \$400,000 was to fund the purchase of property in the Special Reserve Fund. This amount will not be repaid.
- The transfer of \$52 was the Working Cash Fund's portion of interest income during the year in conformity with the District's policy.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

9. RETIREMENT FUND COMMITMENTS

Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

The District's defined benefit pension plan, Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), provides retirement, disability, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. IMRF is an agent multiple-employer pension plan that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for local governments and school districts in Illinois. The Illinois Pension Code establishes the benefit provisions of the plan that can only be amended by the Illinois General Assembly. IMRF issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan as a whole but not by individual employer. That report may be obtained by writing to the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund, 2211 York Road, Suite 500, Oak Brook, Illinois 60523 or at www.imrf.org.

Plan Administration

All employees hired in positions that meet or exceed the prescribed annual hourly standard must be enrolled in IMRF as participating members.

The plan is accounted for on the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Employer and employee contributions are recognized when earned in the year that the contributions are required, benefits and refunds are recognized as an expense and liability when due and payable.

Plan Membership

At December 31, 2015, IMRF membership consisted of:

Inactive employees or their beneficiaries	
currently receiving benefits	16
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	3
Active employees	21
TOTAL	40

Benefits Provided

IMRF provides two tiers of pension benefits. Employees hired prior to January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. For Tier 1 employees, pension benefits vest after eight years of service. Participating members who retire at age 55 (reduced benefits) or after age 60 (full benefits) with eight years of credited service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1 2/3% of their final rate of earnings, for each year of credited service up to 15 years, and 2% for each year thereafter. Employees

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

9. RETIREMENT FUND COMMITMENTS (Continued)

<u>Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund</u> (Continued)

Benefits Provided (Continued)

hired on or after January 1, 2011, are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating members who retire at age 62 (reduced benefits) or after age 67 (full benefits) with ten years of credited service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1 2/3% of their final rate of earnings, for each year of credited service up to 15 years, and 2% for each year thereafter. IMRF also provides death and disability benefits. These benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by state statute.

Contributions

Participating members are required to contribute 4.5% of their annual salary to IMRF. The District is required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to fund IMRF as specified by statute. The employer contribution rate for the calendar year ended December 31, 2015 and 2016 was 12.05% and 11.90%, respectively, of covered payroll.

Actuarial Assumptions

The District's net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2015 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of the same date using the following actuarial methods and assumptions.

Actuarial valuation date	December 31, 2015
Actuarial cost method	Entry-age Normal
Assumptions Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	3.75% to 14.50%
Interest rate	7.50%
Cost of living adjustments	3.00%
Asset valuation method	Market value

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

9. RETIREMENT FUND COMMITMENTS (Continued)

<u>Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund</u> (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

For nondisabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2014). IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience. For disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2014). IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustment that were applied for nondisabled lives. For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2014). IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.47%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the District contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the fiduciary net position was projected not to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.50% was blended with the index rate of 3.57% for tax exempt general obligation municipal bonds rated AA or better at December 31, 2015 to arrive at a discount rate of 7.47% used to determine the total pension liability. The discount rate was 7.48% at December 31, 2014.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	(a)	(b) Plan			(a) - (b)
	Total				Net
	Pension	I	Fiduciary		Pension
	 Liability	N	Net Position		Liability
BALANCES AT					
JANUARY 1, 2015	\$ 3,697,866	\$	3,028,182	\$	669,684
Changes for the period					
Service cost	103,969		-		103,969
Interest	275,277		-		275,277
Difference between expected and					
actual experience	(26,675)		-		(26,675)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

9. RETIREMENT FUND COMMITMENTS (Continued)

<u>Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund</u> (Continued)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability (Continued)

	(a) (b)			(a) - (b)
	Total	Plan		Net
	Pension	Fiduciary		Pension
	 Liability	-		Liability
Changes for the period (Continued)				
Changes in assumptions	\$ 5,097	\$ -	\$	5,097
Employer contributions	-	123,839		(123,839)
Employee contributions	-	46,247		(46,247)
Net investment income	_	15,218		(15,218)
Benefit payments and refunds	(139,360)	(139,360))	_
Other (net transfer)	 -	(40,792))	40,792
Net changes	 218,308	5,152		213,156
BALANCES AT				
DECEMBER 31, 2015	\$ 3,916,174	\$ 3,033,334	\$	882,840

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the District recognized pension expense of \$231,935. At June 30, 2016, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to IMRF from the following sources:

		Deferred		Deferred	
	Oı	utflows of	Inflows of		
	R	esources	R	lesources	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	4,038	\$	21,253	
Changes in assumption		112,839		-	
Net difference between projected and actual					
earnings on pension plan investments		192,924		-	
Employer contributions after the measurement date		64,152		-	
				_	
TOTAL	\$	373,953	\$	21,253	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

9. RETIREMENT FUND COMMITMENTS (Continued)

<u>Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund</u> (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to IMRF will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending	
June 30,	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
2017	\$ 149,032
2018	84,880
2019	80,520
2020	38,268
2021	-
Thereafter	 -
TOTAL	\$ 352,700

Discount Rate Sensitivity

The following is a sensitivity analysis of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The table below presents the pension liability of the District calculated using the discount rate of 7.47% as well as what the District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.47%) or one percentage point higher (8.47%) than the current rate:

			Current			
	1	% Decrease (6.47%)	scount Rate (7.47%)	1	% Increase (8.47%)	
Net pension liability	\$	1,435,097	\$ 882,840	\$	425,348	
1		, ,	,		,	

10. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The District provides continued health insurance coverage at the active employer rate to all eligible employees in accordance with Illinois statues, which creates an implicit subsidy of retiree health insurance. Former employees who choose to retain their rights to health insurance through the District are required to pay 100% of the current premium. Although implicit costs arise from these, the District has determined that such costs are insignificant and have not been recorded in these financial statements in accordance with GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions. Related disclosures have also been excluded.



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

		Original and Final Budget	Actual
REVENUES			
Taxes			
Property taxes		\$ 2,016,590	\$ 1,980,549
Replacement taxes		40,000	34,095
Intergovernmental			
State grants		21,458	10,149
Fines		4,000	3,306
Investment income		1,000	6,668
Miscellaneous		11,500	11,634
Total revenues		2,094,548	2,046,401
	Appropriations	_	
EXPENDITURES			
Culture and recreation			
Personnel	\$ 1,396,000	1,351,400	1,262,369
Building operating expenditures and service contracts	125,000	-	-
Outside professional services	135,000	96,000	51,340
Library media	404,195	245,500	206,125
Promotion and publicity	82,000	61,000	49,651
Library operation	134,000	66,000	31,007
Automation	150,000	120,000	94,132
Miscellaneous	135,000	122,915	30,689
Capital expenditures	1,285,000	80,000	15,767
Total culture and recreation	3,846,195	2,142,815	1,741,080
Total expenditures	3,846,195	2,142,815	1,741,080
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES			
OVER EXPENDITURES		(48,267)	305,321
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in	-	-	52
Transfers (out)	(400,000)	-	(400,000)
Principal expense	(50,000)	-	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(450,000)	-	(399,948)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		\$ (48,267)	(94,627)
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1			279,786
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30			\$ 185,159

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND

June 30, 2016

	2016	2015				
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 127,101	\$	116,094			
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	127,101		116,094			
CONTRIBUTION DEFICIENCY (Excess)	\$ -	\$	_			
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,027,708	\$	960,250			
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	12.4%		12.1%			

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

The information presented was determined as part of the actuarial valuations as of January 1 of the prior fiscal year. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation presented is as follows: the actuarial cost method was entry-age normal; the amortization method was level percent of pay, closed, and the amortization period was 28 years; the asset valuation method was five-year smoothed market; and the significant actuarial assumptions were an investment rate of return at 7.5% annually, projected salary increases assumption of 4.4% to 16.0% compounded annually, and postretirement benefit increases of 3% compounded annually.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND

June 30, 2016

		2015*		2014*
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY				
Service cost	\$	103,969	\$	101,038
Interest	Ψ	275,277	Ψ	245,508
Changes of benefit terms		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		(26,675)		6,834
Changes of assumptions		5,097		184,100
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(139,360)		(133,808)
Bolicia paymonts, metaling fortunes of memoer contributions		(137,300)		(155,000)
Net change in total pension liability		218,308		403,672
Total pension liability - beginning		3,697,866		3,294,194
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY - ENDING	\$	3,916,174	\$	3,697,866
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION				
Contributions - employer	\$	123,839	\$	116,093
Contributions - member		46,247		43,211
Net investment income		15,218		174,013
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions		(139,360)		(133,808)
Other		(40,792)		(11,256)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		5,152		188,253
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		3,028,182		2,839,929
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - ENDING	\$	3,033,334	\$	3,028,182
EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY	\$	882,840	\$	669,684
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		77.5%		81.9%
Covered-employee payroll	\$	1,027,708	\$	960,250
Employer's net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		85.9%		69.7%

Changes in assumptions related to retirement age and mortality were made since the prior measurement date.

*IMRF's measurement date is December 31, 2015; therefore, information above is presented for the calendar year ended December 31, 2015.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

June 30, 2016

BUDGETS

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds, except the capital project and working cash funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

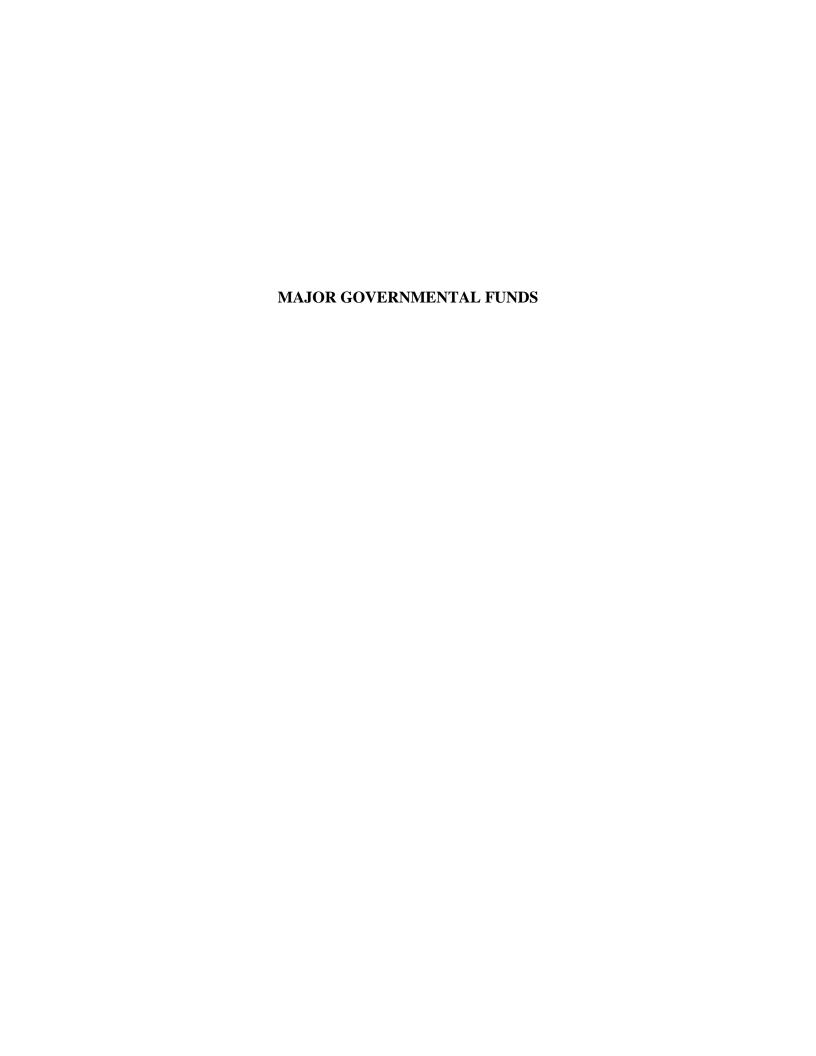
The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and includes information on the past year, current year estimates, and requested appropriations for the next fiscal year.

The proposed budget is presented to the governing body for review. The governing body holds public hearings and may add to, subtract from, or change appropriations, but may not change the form of the budget.

The budget may be amended only by the governing body.

Expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations at the fund level. During the year, no supplementary appropriations were necessary. The budget document is prepared with more detail and line items than the appropriations document. Therefore, certain line items are left blank in the appropriation column yet contains detail in the working budget and actual columns.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES



SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Appro	priations	iginal and al Budget	Actual	
CULTURE AND RECREATION					
Personnel					
Administrator and staff salaries	\$	1,200,000	\$ 1,175,000	\$ 1,173,465	
Contractual services		35,000	20,000	8,166	
Insurance and personnel plans		110,000	100,000	64,303	
Professional development		31,000	10,400	6,594	
Employee travel			10,000	5,604	
Professional dues			6,000	4,237	
IMRF		10,000	15,000	-	
FICA		10,000	15,000	-	
Total personnel		1,396,000	1,351,400	1,262,369	
Building operating expenditures and service contracts		125,000	-		
Outside professional services					
Legal services and publication		40,000	30,000	12,420	
Accounting services			11,000	10,170	
Consulting services		85,000	45,000	28,750	
Contractual services			5,000	-	
Insurance services		10,000	5,000		
Total outside professional services		135,000	96,000	51,340	
Library media					
Books - adult		240,000	169,000	151,892	
Periodicals - adult		30,000	12,500	10,923	
Audio visual materials - adult		55,000	45,000	33,960	
Vertical file		30,000	-	-	
Computer software		15,000	2,000	-	
Material processing supplies		25,000	15,000	8,450	
Miscellaneous library material		9,195	2,000	900	
Total library media		404,195	245,500	206,125	
Promotion and publicity					
Library programs		60,000	43,000	40,616	
Promotional materials		22,000	8,000	2,247	
Newsletter			10,000	6,788	
Total promotion and publicity		82,000	61,000	49,651	

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued) GENERAL FUND

	Арр	Appropriations			Actual
CULTURE AND RECREATION (Continued)					
Library operation					
Office supplies	\$	60,000	\$ 18,000	\$	11,558
Copy machine operations	-	-	1,000	-	-
Postage		13,000	6,000		3,625
Small equipment purchases and rental		-	3,000		2,492
Telephone		40.000	30,000		8,258
Equipment maintenance		21,000	-		-
Administrative supplies		-	8,000		5,074
7 Killinistrative supplies			0,000		3,074
Total library operation		134,000	66,000		31,007
Automation					
Databases		120,000	25,000		19,982
Automation consortium fees		-	50,000		34,016
Automation software		-	15,000		14,294
Automation equipment and accessories		30,000	15,000		12,490
Electronic access fee		-	15,000		13,350
Total automation		150,000	120,000		94,132
Miscellaneous					
Grants		50,000	16,458		16,458
Staff, friends, foundation, and donation		35,000	1,000		-
Contingency		50,000	105,457		14,231
Total miscellaneous		135,000	122,915		30,689
Principal expense					
Principal - construction		50,000	-		-
Total principal expense		50,000	-		-
Capital expenditures					
Equipment and furniture		1,285,000	80,000		15,767
			·		<u> </u>
Total capital expenditures		1,285,000	80,000		15,767
Total culture and recreation		3,896,195	2,142,815		1,741,080
Transfers out		400,000	-		400,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND TRANSFERS OUT	\$	4,296,195	\$ 2,142,815	\$	2,141,080



COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2016

		Spe	cial Revenue	le		
	Building and Maintenance				Liability Insurance	
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$ 82,354	\$	9,241	\$	28,737	
Property taxes receivable	45,003		3,731		8,594	
Prepaid items	 -		-		9,709	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 127,357	\$	12,972	\$	47,040	
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES						
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$ 3,010	\$	-	\$	-	
Total liabilities	3,010		-		-	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable revenues - property taxes	 87,280		7,236		16,732	
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	 90,290		7,236		16,732	
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable						
Prepaid items	-		-		9,709	
Working cash	-		-		-	
Restricted						
Building and maintenance	37,067		-		-	
Audit	-		5,736		-	
Insurance	-		-		20,599	
Employee retirement	 -		-		-	
Total fund balances	 37,067		5,736		30,308	
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS						
OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 127,357	\$	12,972	\$	47,040	

	S	pecia	l Revenue						
W	orkers'					_			
Con	pensation								
	and		Illinois			P	ermanent		
Unei	mployment	M	[unicipal		Social	,	Working	_	
In	surance	Re	etirement		Security	Cash			Total
\$	4,993	\$	95,706	\$	69,699	\$	97,905	\$	388,635
	1,244		72,819		46,699		-		178,090
	-		-		-		-		9,709
\$	6,237	\$	168,525	\$	116,398	\$	97,905	\$	576,434
\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	3,010
		-		-		-		-	
	-		-		-		-		3,010
	2,261		141,095		90,446		-		345,050
	2,261		141,095		90,446		-		348,060
	-		-		-		-		9,709
	-		-		-		97,905		97,905
	_		_		_		_		37,067
	_		_		-		-		5,736
	3,976		_		-		-		24,575
	-		27,430		25,952		-		53,382
	3,976		27,430		25,952		97,905		228,374
\$	6,237	\$	168,525	\$	116,398	\$	97,905	\$	576,434

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

	Special Revenue							
		Building and intenance	Audit	Liability Insurance				
DEVENIUEC								
REVENUES Taxes	\$	70,733 \$	6,595	\$ 15,467				
Investment income	Ψ 	70,733	-	-				
Total revenues		70,733	6,595	15,467				
EXPENDITURES								
Culture and recreation		92,237	8,000	21,078				
Total expenditures		92,237	8,000	21,078				
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(21,504)	(1,405)	(5,611)				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers (out)		-	-	<u> </u>				
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	-					
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(21,504)	(1,405)	(5,611)				
FUND BALANCES, JULY 1		58,571	7,141	35,919				
FUND BALANCES, JUNE 30	\$	37,067 \$	5,736	\$ 30,308				

	S	Special Revenue						
	orkers' pensation							
•	and	Illinois	a		Permanent			
	nployment	Municipal	Social		Working	Total		
In	surance	Retirement	Security		Cash	Total		
\$	1,820	\$ 123,725	\$ 77,691	\$	- \$	296,031		
	-		-		52	52		
	1,820	123,725	77,691		52	296,083		
	4,529	127,101	85,461		-	338,406		
	4,529	127,101	85,461		-	338,406		
	(2,709)	(3,376)	(7,770)		52	(42,323)		
	-	-	-		(52)	(52)		
	-	_	-		(52)	(52)		
	(2,709)	(3,376)	(7,770)		-	(42,375)		
	6,685	30,806	33,722		97,905	270,749		
\$	3,976	\$ 27,430	\$ 25,952	\$	97,905 \$	228,374		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL **BUILDING AND MAINTENANCE FUND**

				Final Budget		Actual
DEVENIUEG						_
REVENUES Taxes						
Property taxes			\$	71,989	\$	70,733
Troperty taxes			Ψ	/1,707	Ψ	70,733
Total revenues				71,989		70,733
	Appr	opriations				
EXPENDITURES			•			
Culture and recreation						
Utilities				53,500		42,321
Repairs				4,000		3,920
Maintenance				38,000		33,615
Miscellaneous				22,000		12,381
Total expenditures	\$	140,000		117,500		92,237
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE			\$	(45,511)	=	(21,504)
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1						58,571
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30					\$	37,067

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL **AUDIT FUND**

				Final Budget	Actual
REVENUES					
Taxes					
Property taxes			\$	6,749 \$	6,595
Total revenues				6,749	6,595
	Appr	opriations	<u>-</u>		
EXPENDITURES					
Culture and recreation					
Contractual services	\$	12,000		9,200	8,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE			\$	(2,451)	(1,405)
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1					7,141
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30				\$	5,736

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL LIABILITY INSURANCE FUND

			Final Budget	Actual
REVENUES				
Taxes				
Property taxes			\$ 15,475 \$	15,467
Total revenues			15,475	15,467
	Appr	opriations		
EXPENDITURES				
Culture and recreation				
Insurance	\$	35,000	25,000	21,078
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE			\$ (9,525)	(5,611)
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1				35,919
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30			\$	30,308

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL WORKERS' COMPENSATION AND UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE FUND

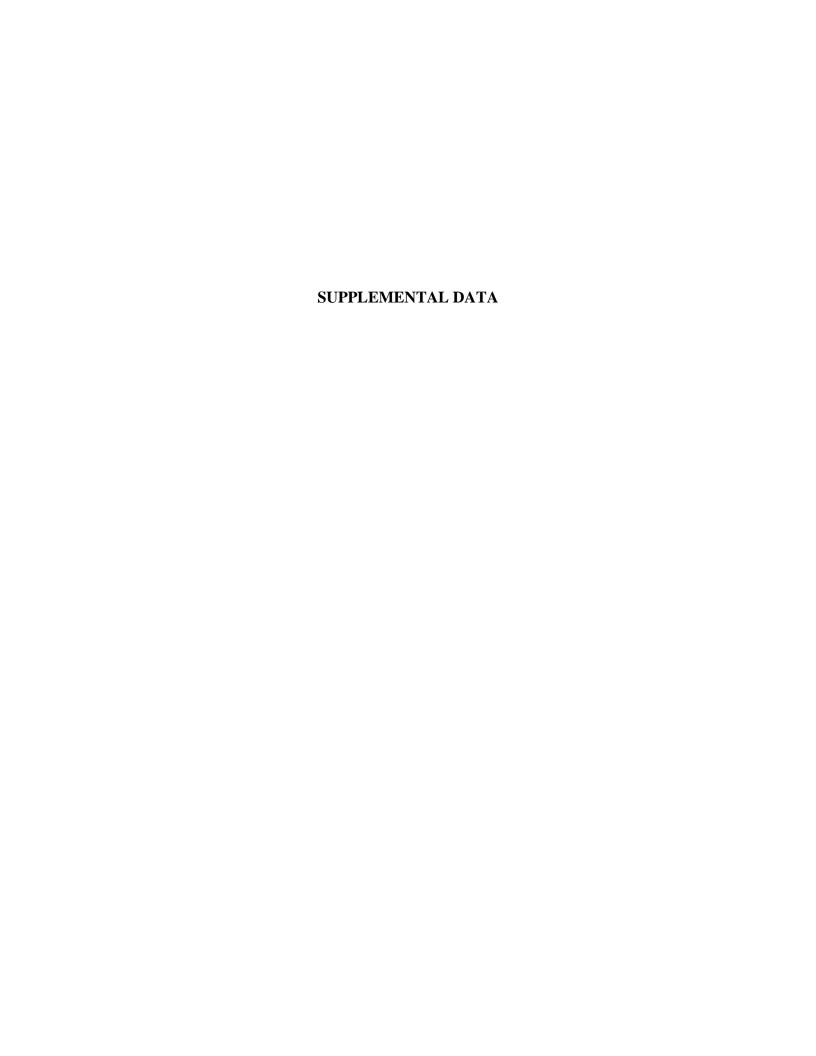
			Final Budget	Actual
REVENUES				
Taxes				
Property taxes			\$ 1,800	\$ 1,820
Total revenues			1,800	1,820
	Approp	riations		
EXPENDITURES				
Culture and recreation				
Insurance	\$	8,000	4,000	4,529
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE			\$ (2,200)	(2,709)
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1			_	6,685
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30			<u>:</u>	\$ 3,976

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND

			Final Budget	Actual	
REVENUES					
Taxes					
Property taxes			\$ 125,981 \$	123,725	
Total revenues			125,981	123,725	
	Appr	opriations			
EXPENDITURES					
Culture and recreation					
Welfare - pension					
IMRF	\$	150,000	135,000	127,101	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		:	\$ (9,019)	(3,376)	
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1				30,806	
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30			\$	27,430	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SOCIAL SECURITY FUND

				Final Budget	Actual
REVENUES					
Taxes					
Property taxes			\$	77,388	\$ 75,963
Replacement taxes				-	1,728
Total revenues				77,388	77,691
	Appr	opriations	-		
EXPENDITURES					
Culture and recreation					
Welfare - pension FICA	\$	110,000		91,000	85,461
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE			\$	(13,612)	(7,770)
FUND BALANCE, JULY 1				-	33,722
FUND BALANCE, JUNE 30				_	\$ 25,952



COMBINED SCHEDULE OF CASH AND INVESTMENTS

June 30, 2016

	Deposits		In	vestments	Total	
GENERAL FUND						
General	\$	197,366	\$	1,024,286	\$	1,221,652
SPECIAL RESERVE		-		3,040,011		3,040,011
SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS						
Building and maintenance		-		82,354		82,354
Audit		-		9,241		9,241
Liability insurance		-		28,737		28,737
Workers' compensation and						
unemployment insurance		-		4,993		4,993
Illinois Municipal Retirement		-		95,706		95,706
Social Security		-		69,699		69,699
Total special revenue funds		-		290,730		290,730
PERMANENT		-		97,905		97,905
TOTAL CASH AND INVESTMENTS	\$	197,366	\$	4,452,932	\$	4,650,298

PROPERTY TAX ASSESSED VALUATIONS, RATES, AND EXTENSIONS

Last Ten Levy Years

	2015		2014		2013		2012		2011	
ASSESSED VALUATION	\$	452,229,000	\$	449,930,795	\$	457,755,374	\$	490,684,206	\$	547,348,813
	Rate*	Amount	Rate*	Amount	Rate*	Amount	Rate*	Amount	Rate*	Amount
TAX EXTENSIONS										
Corporate	0.4402 \$	1,990,712	0.4482	\$ 2,016,590	0.4167 \$	1,907,467	0.3853	\$ 1,890,606	0.3347	\$ 1,831,977
IMRF/Social Security										
IMRF	0.0312	141,095	0.0280	125,981	0.0309	141,446	0.0258	126,597	0.0210	114,943
Social Security	0.0200	90,446	0.0172	77,388	0.0199	91,093	0.0161	79,000	0.0120	65,683
Audit	0.0016	7,236	0.0015	6,749	0.0025	11,444	0.0018	8,832	0.0021	11,494
Liability insurance	0.0037	16,732	0.0035	15,748	0.0067	30,670	0.0058	28,460	0.0050	27,368
Workers' compensation/										
unemployment insurance	0.0005	2,261	0.0004	1,800	0.0016	7,324	0.0015	7,360	0.0012	6,568
Building and maintenance	0.0001	87,280	0.0001	71,989	0.0002	91,551	0.0002	98,137	0.0200	109,471
TOTAL TAX EXTENSIONS	0.4973 \$	2,335,762	0.4989	\$ 2,316,245	0.4785 \$	2,280,995	0.4365	\$ 2,238,992	0.3960	\$ 2,167,504

PROPERTY TAX ASSESSED VALUATIONS, RATES, AND EXTENSIONS (Continued)

Last Ten Levy Years

	2010		2009		2008		2007		2006	
ASSESSED VALUATION	\$	607,710,867	\$	671,885,536	\$	669,900,593	\$	629,175,914	\$	602,103,097
	Rate*	Amount	Rate*	Amount	Rate*	Amount	Rate*	Amount	Rate*	Amount
TAX EXTENSIONS										
Corporate	0.2988	\$ 1,815,840	0.2736	\$ 1,838,279	0.2688	1,800,693	0.2727	\$ 1,715,763	0.2609	\$ 1,570,887
IMRF/Social Security			0.0161	108,173	0.0190	127,281	0.0181	113,881	0.0167	100,551
IMRF	0.0180	106,349								
Social Security	0.0120	71,102								
Audit	0.0005	3,039	0.0007	4,703	0.0018	12,058	0.0002	12,584	0.0010	6,021
Liability insurance	0.0047	28,562	0.0029	19,485	0.0018	12,058	0.0007	4,404	0.0003	1,806
Workers' compensation/										
unemployment insurance	0.0002	1,215	0.0001	672	0.0002	1,340	0.0002	1,258	0.0002	1,204
Building and maintenance	0.0175	106,350	0.0147	98,767	0.0157	105,174	0.0160	100,668	0.0172	103,562
TOTAL TAX EXTENSIONS	0.3517	\$ 2,132,457	0.3081	\$ 2,070,079	0.3073 \$	2,058,604	0.3097	\$ 1,948,558	0.3000	\$ 1,784,031

^{*} Property tax rates are per \$100 of assessed valuation.